



1Q20 Consolidated Earnings ResultsIFRS



















Grupo Aval Acciones y Valores S.A. ("Grupo Aval") is an issuer of securities in Colombia and in the United States.. As such, it is subject to compliance with securities regulation in Colombia and applicable U.S. securities regulation. Grupo Aval is also subject to the inspection and supervision of the Superintendency of Finance as holding company of the Aval financial conglomerate.

The consolidated financial information included in this document is presented in accordance with IFRS as currently issued by the IASB. Details of the calculations of non-GAAP measures such as ROAA and ROAE, among others, are explained when required in this report.

This report includes forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify these forward-looking statements by words such as "may," "will," "should," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "potential," or "continue," or the negative of these and other comparable words. Actual results and events may differ materially from those anticipated herein as a consequence of changes in general, economic and business conditions, changes in interest and currency rates and other risk described from time to time in our filings with the Registro Nacional de Valores y Emisores and the SEC.

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The content of this document and the figures included herein are intended to provide a summary of the subjects discussed rather than a comprehensive description.

When applicable, in this document we refer to billions as thousands of millions.



>>>> Consolidated key results for the quarter

	COP \$tn	1Q19	4Q19	1Q20	1Q20 vs 1Q19	1Q20 vs 4Q19
	Gross Loans	\$ 168.4	\$ 179.4	\$ 200.7	19.1%	11.8%
Balance Sheet	Deposits	\$ 163.3	\$ 175.5	\$ 203.2	24.5%	15.8%
	Deposits/Net Loans	0.99 x	1.01 x	1.04 x	0.05 x	0.03 x
	90 days PDLs / Total loans	3.1%	3.3%	3.1%	9 bps	(11) bps
Loan Quality	Allowance/90 days PDLs	1.59 x	1.40 x	1.41 x	-0.18 x	0.01 x
	Cost of risk	2.0%	2.1%	2.2%	12 bps	8 bps
	Net interest margin	5.7%	5.6%	4.8%	(93) bps	(85) bps
	Fee income Ratio	24.6%	27.3%	24.6%	(5) bps	(271) bps
Drofitability	Efficiency Ratio	44.7%	52.1%	47.1%	232 bps	(501) bps
Profitability	Attributable net income	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.70	-8.2%	-2.1%
	ROAA	2.1%	1.9%	1.8%	(30) bps	(6) bps
	ROAE	17.4%	14.6%	14.2%	(313) bps	(36) bps

- 1Q 2020 was a quarter of contrasts marked by strong growth in January and February and by an abrupt deceleration during March due to the global pandemic and the oil war. As a result, GDP growth for the quarter was only 0.4% (seasonally adjusted) and devaluation rose to 23.7%, both concentrated in the last few weeks of March.
- Since March, Grupo Aval has deployed strategies to safeguard its employees' health and to alleviate debt payments mostly to clients who request it.
- During the quarter, in part driven by devaluation, Aval's Consolidated Assets grew by 24.1% vs 1Q 2019 and 14.9% vs 4Q 2019, Consolidated Gross Loans grew by 19.1% vs 1Q 2019 and 11.8% vs 4Q 2019 and Consolidated Deposits grew by 24.5% vs 1Q 2019 and 15.8% vs 4Q 2019.
- The quality of the loan portfolio showed a slight improvement aided by the Superintendence of Finance's new regulation mandating banks to classify refinanced loans (due to the pandemic) as current.
- Cost of Risk increased slightly vs 4Q 2019 (2.15% vs 2.07%) due in part to provisions for the banks' exposure to Avianca.
- Total NIM suffered a sharp decrease vs 4Q 2019, from 5.63% to 4.78%, driven mostly by a 364 bps drop in NIM on Investments.
- Corficolombiana's Non-Financial Sector Investments contributed strongly to the quarter's result especially from its toll road concessions and Promigas.
- Aval's consolidated Cost to Income efficiency ratio improved to 47.1% from 52.1% a quarter earlier and the Cost to Assets ratio improved to 3.4% from 4.1%.
- The guarter ended with strong funding and liquidity positions, as evidenced by the Deposits/Net Loans ratio of 1.04x up from 1.01x in 4Q 2019, and the Cash/Deposits ratio of 19.8% up from 17.2% in 4Q19.
- Net Income for the guarter was 700.2 billion pesos or 31.4 pesos per share, and our ROAE was 14.2%, slightly lower than 4Q 2019.

Gross loans excludes interbank and overnight funds. PDLs 90+ defined as loans more than 90 days past due. Net Interest Margin includes net interest income plus net trading income from debt and equity investments at FVTPL divided by total average interest-earning assets. Fee income ratio is calculated as net income from commissions and fees divided by net interest income plus net income from commissions and fees, gross profit from sales of goods and services, net trading income, net income from other financial instruments mandatory at FVTPL and total other income. Efficiency Ratio is calculated as total other expenses divided by net interest income plus net income from commissions and fees, gross profit from sales of goods and services, net trading income, net income from other financial instruments mandatory at FVTPL and total other income. ROAA is calculated as annualized Net Income divided by average of total assets. ROAE is calculated as Net Income attributable to Aval's shareholders divided by average attributable shareholders' equity. NS refers to non-significant figures.



>>>> Key results per region for the quarter

4Q19

\$ 124.2

\$ 119.2

1.00 x

1Q19

\$ 117.4

\$ 113.7

1.01 x

25.6%

18.4%

Colombia

67.3% of Assets

1Q20

\$ 131.4

\$ 131.8

1.05 x

1Q20 vs

4Q19

5.8%

10.6%

0.04 x

1Q20 vs

1Q19

11.9%

16.0%

0.04 x

Central America(1)

32.7% of Assets

Balance	
Sheet	

Loan Quality

Profitability

Gross Loans Deposits

Deposits/Net Loans

90 days PDLs / Total loans Allowance/90 days **PDLs**

Cost of risk

Net interest margin

Fee income Ratio
Efficiency Ratio
Attributable net income (2)
ROAA
ROAE

3.7%	4.0%	4.0%	27 bps	3 bps
1.49 x	1.31 x	1.31 x	-0.19 x	-0.01 x
1.9%	2.0%	2.4%	41 bps	38 bps
5.4%	5.0%	4.0%	(137) bps	(97) bps
19.8%	22.6%	20.9%	108 bps	(171) bps
39.6%	49.5%	42.7%	305 bps	(686) bps
\$ 0.56	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.40	-29.3%	-8.9%
2.3%	1.8%	1.8%	(59) bps	(6) bps

18.9%

1Q19	4Q19	1Q20	1Q20 vs 1Q19	1Q20 vs 4Q19
\$ 51.0	\$ 55.2	\$ 69.3	35.7%	25.4%
\$ 49.6	\$ 56.3	\$ 71.4	44.0%	26.9%
0.96 x	1.02 x	1.04 x	0.08 x	0.01 x
1.5%	1.6%	1.5%	2 bps	(13) bps
2.15 x	1.90 x	1.94 x	-0.20 x	0.05 x
2.2%	2.3%	1.7%	(48) bps	(54) bps
6.4%	7.1%	6.4%	(4) bps	(66) bps
35.3%	35.7%	31.0%	(430) bps	(470) bps
56.0%	56.6%	54.7%	(136) bps	(192) bps
\$ 0.20	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.31	49.6%	8.4%
1.5%	2.0%	1.9%	37 bps	(6) bps
9.2%	11.1%	10.8%	157 bps	(27) bps

(1) Central America refers to Leasing Bogotá Panamá (LBP) operation expressed in Colombian Pesos, at the exchange rate of each period. (2) Attributable net income for Grupo Aval of Ps 700.2 bn for 1Q20 corresponds to the Ps 395.2 bn of our Colombian operation plus Ps 443.9 bn of our Central American operation multiplied by 68.7%, our stake in Banco de Bogotá. Gross loans excludes interbank and overnight funds. PDLs 90+ defined as loans more than 90 days past due. Net Interest Margin includes net interest income plus net trading income from investment securities held for trading through profit or loss divided by total average interest-earning assets. Fee income ratio is calculated as net income from commissions and fees divided by net interest income plus net income from commissions and fees, gross profit from sales of goods and services, net trading income, net income from other financial instruments mandatory at FVTPL and total other income. Efficiency Ratio is calculated as total other expenses divided by net interest income plus net income from commissions and fees, gross profit from sales of goods and services, net trading income, net income from other financial instruments mandatory at FVTPL and total other income. ROAA is calculated as annualized Net Income divided by average of total assets. ROAE is calculated as Net Income attributable to Aval's shareholders divided by average attributable shareholders' equity. NS refers to non-significant figures. Equity for Central America is calculated as LBP multiplied by our 68.7% stake in the company. Equity for Colombia is calculated as the difference between our consolidated attributable eguity and the eguity in Central America.

(673) bps



>>>> Covid-19 Response:



Grupo Aval and its Subsidiaries have deployed actions that benefit more than **2.8MM** people and we are looking continuously into solutions to support our stakeholders.



>>>> Types of Relief offered to customers

Costumers

Reliefs



+Ps 32.5 trillion 26% of the total gross portfolio⁽¹⁾



+ USD 7.8 billion 46% of total loan portfolio⁽¹⁾

Wholesale banking

We disbursed:



Ps 2.5 trillion in loans for payroll payments and working capital loans for SMFs and microenterprises guaranteed by the FNG⁽²⁾



Ps 77 billion in a special line for direct payroll payment loans



Ps 133 billion from the Bancoldex line to companies in the *Orange* Economy

Retail banking



Fees waived on transfers to non-Aval banks originated in our digital channels and in our call centers



94,788 retirees have opened digital saving accounts



Strengthening our digital channels

- 24% monthly growth⁽³⁾ in transactions in our Mobile Banking apps
- 56% monthly growth(3) in Aval Pay Center and in our retail transactional webpages

As of May 15, 2020



Loan portfolio at March 31, 2020

FNG: Fondo Nacional de Garantias



Liquidity and market risk



Daily monitoring of our banks' liquidity positions and Value at Risk of our Investment Portfolios



Thus far no signs of significant deterioration in liquidity indicators or Value at Risk



- Full compliance with the Net Stable Funding Ratio
- Adequate coverage of Maximum Probable Withdrawal Ratio

Credit Risk



Identification of the most affected sectors and special monitoring of loans to those sectors and in general of higher risk loans.

Operational Risk and continuity of operations plans



Protocols to guarantee availability and security of information



Strengthening of cybersecurity controls and increased awareness campaigns



Compliance with Sanitation Measures



Care of employees and support of suppliers

Employees



Approximately 94% of our administrative employees are working remotely



Frequent communication with our employees reinforcing preventive actions



Special sanitizing measures to protect employees working in offices and branches

Suppliers



Aval Banks are paying its almost **+4,500 SMEs** and Microenterprise suppliers in **5 days or less**. This allows them to improve their cash flow and protect their businesses.

To support +3,000 families that depend on the *Orange Economy*, a digital content platform called "La Morada" was created under the #ExperienciasAval concept where people were able to access 300 hours of free entertainment.



Contributions in Colombia and Central America

 Mr. Luis Carlos Sarmiento Angulo, controlling shareholder of Grupo Aval, donated Ps 80 billion destined to acquire:



300,000 diagnostic tests



Ventilators and medical equipment



400,000 food aid packages

 Mr. Sarmiento Gutiérrez, CEO of Grupo Aval, serves as a pilot and makes humanitarian flights to



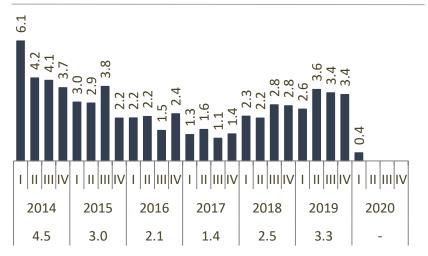
humanitarian flights to transport kits and diagnostic tests for Covid-19

 Promigas donated Ps 22 billion to strengthen the response capacity of the healthcare sector in the Caribbean region

- Donations to local Government:
 - Aval Banks made donations to Bogotá, Cali, El Salvador and Guatemala

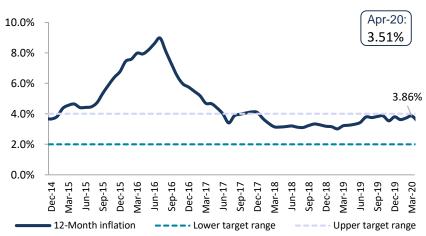


GDP Growth (%)



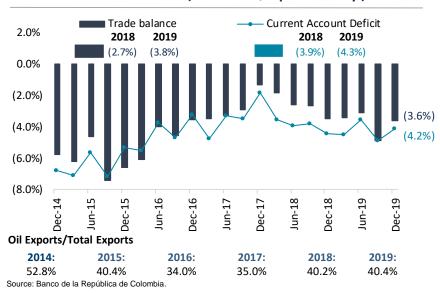
Source: DANE. Seasonally adjusted, constant prices of 2015 GDP

Inflation (%)

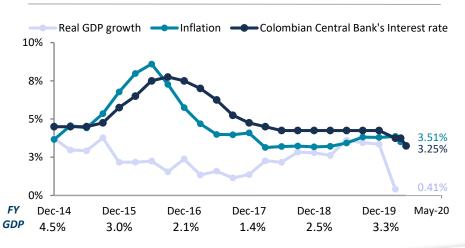


Source: Banco de la República de Colombia and DANE

Current Account (% GDP, quarterly)



Central Bank's Monetary Policy



Source: Banco de la República de Colombia and DANE. GDP as of December 2019. GDP Seasonally-adjusted, constant prices (2015 basis)



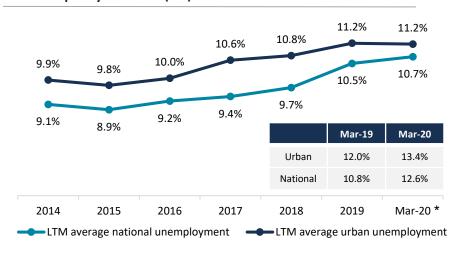
>>>> Macroeconomic context – Colombia

Real and Projected Fiscal Deficit

0) $(3.6)^{(3.6)}^{(3.1)}^{(2.5)(2.2)}^{(1.8)(1.6)(1.5)(1.4)(1.3)(1.2)(1.1)}$ Fiscal Rule (% of GDP) (2.4)(3.0)(6.1)2014 2026 2015 2016 2018 2019 2020 2023 2024 2025 2027 2022 202 Real fiscal deficit Projected fiscal deficit (Jun-2019)

Source: Ministry of Finance. Projections start in 2020

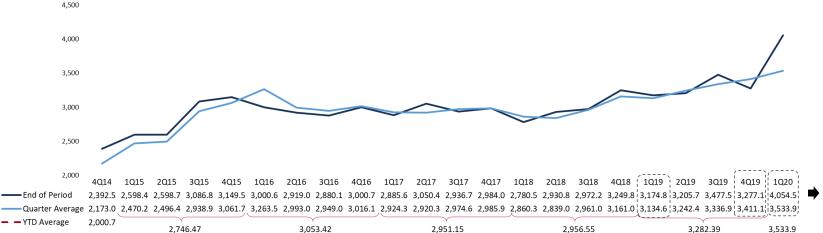
Unemployment (%)



Source: Banco de la República de Colombia. Urban unemployment defined as unemployment of 13 cities and their metropolitan areas. * Last twelve months average from April 2019 to March 2020.

Colombian Peso Exchange Rate

Projected fiscal deficit (May-2020)



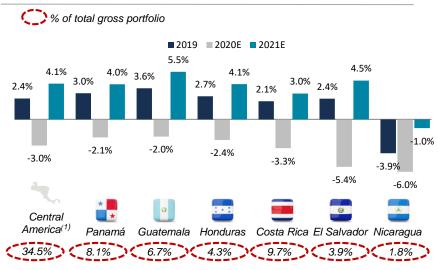
1Q20 vs. 1Q20 vs 1Q19 4Q19 27.7% 23.7% 12.7% 3.6%





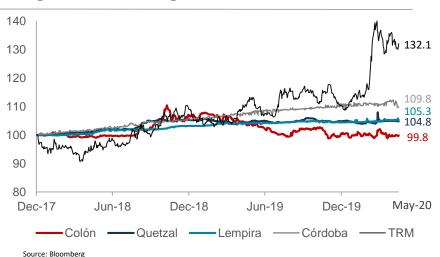
>>>> Macroeconomic context – Central America

Growth Outlook – Real GDP

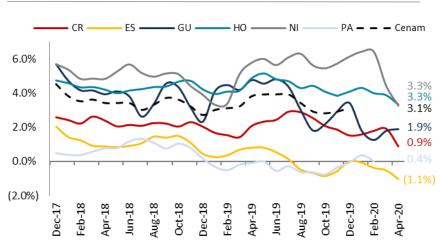


Source: IMF (WEO April 2020); (1) Aggregate growth of all the Central American countries.

Regional Exchange Rates (100=12/31/2017)

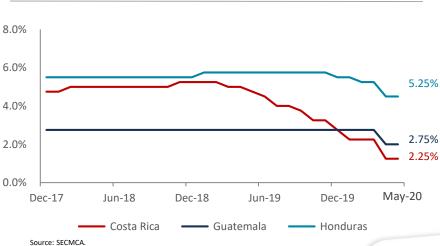


Inflation per Country



Source: SECMCA, CR: Costa Rica, ES: El Salvador, GU: Guatemala, HO: Honduras, NI: Nicaragua, PA: Panamá, Cenam: Central America. Cenam as of December 2019, Panamá as of February 2020.

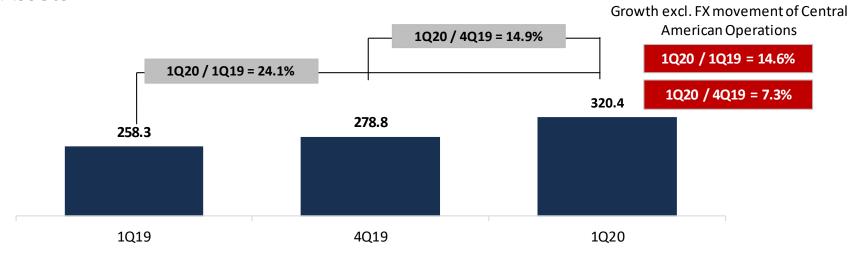
Central Bank's Interest Rates



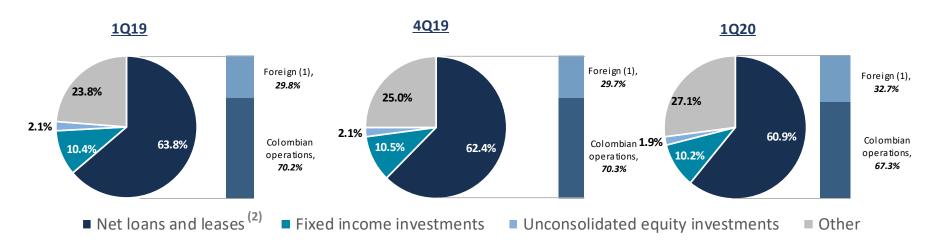




Total Assets



Assets Breakdown



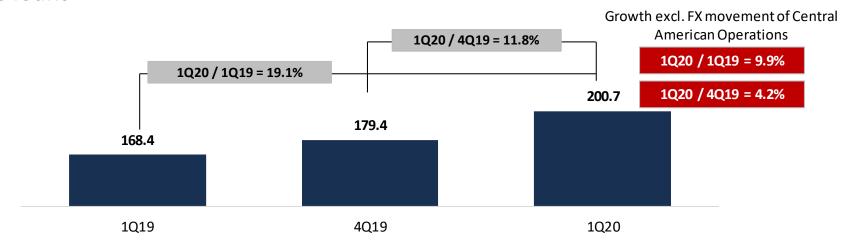
⁽¹⁾ Foreign operations reflect Central American operations. (2) Net loans and leases include interbank and overnight funds.



>>>> Loans and receivables

Figures in Ps. Trillions – Excluding interbank and overnight funds

Gross loans



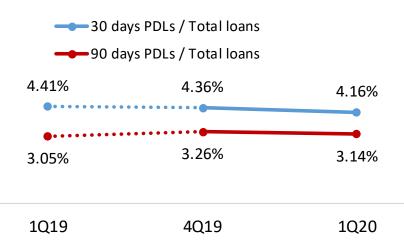
Gross Ioans Breakdown



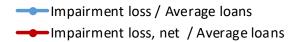


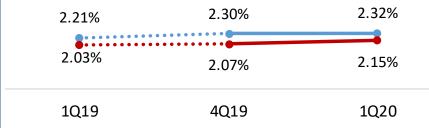
>>>> Loan portfolio quality

Quality

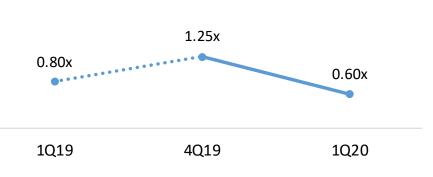


Cost of Risk

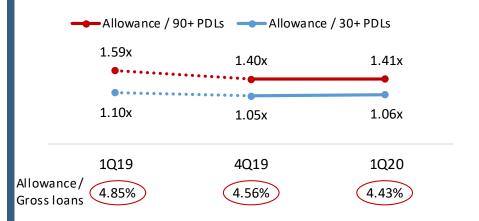




Charge offs / Average 90+ PDLs



Coverage







Figures in Ps. Billions

30 days past due loans (1)

90 days past due loans (2)

Commercial Consumer Mortgages Microcredit **Total loans**

1Q19	4Q19	1Q20
4.04%	3.94%	4.11%
4.89%	4.80%	4.11%
4.58%	4.84%	4.37%
16.16%	18.09%	15.15%
4.41%	4.36%	4.16%

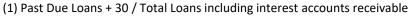
1Q19	4Q19	1Q20
3.41%	3.58%	3.45%
2.60%	2.76%	2.60%
2.44%	2.97%	2.98%
11.89%	13.60%	14.37%
3.05%	3.26%	3.14%

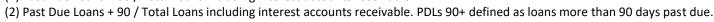
30 days past due formation (1)

	1Q19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	1Q20
Initial PDLs	7,195	7,426	7,716	8,155	7,827
New PDLs	1,264	1,252	1,331	1,502	1,433
Charge-offs	(1,034)	(961)	(892)	(1,829)	(907)
Final PDLs	7,426	7,716	8,155	7,827	8,353

90 days past due formation (2)

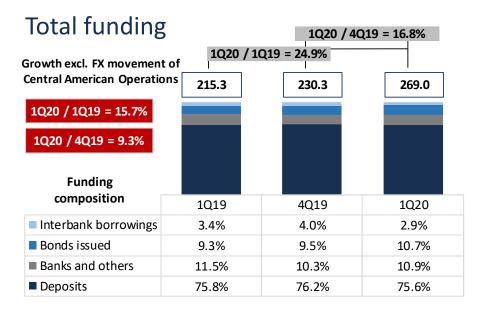
	1Q19	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	1Q20
Initial PDLs	5,188	5,143	5,491	5,846	5,842
New PDLs	988	1,309	1,247	1,826	1,371
Charge-offs	(1,034)	(961)	(892)	(1,829)	(907)
Final PDLs	5,143	5,491	5,846	5,842	6,305

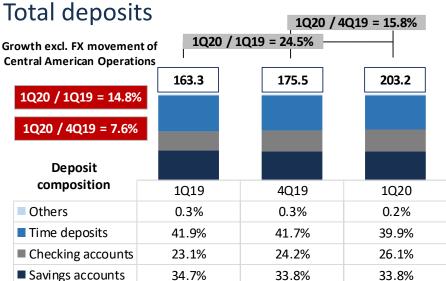




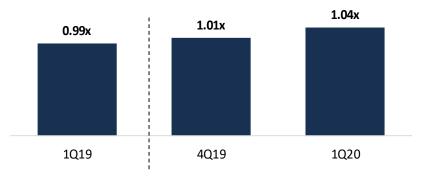




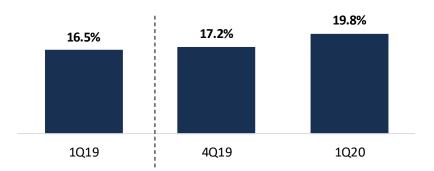




Deposits / Net loans*(%)



Cash / Deposits (%)

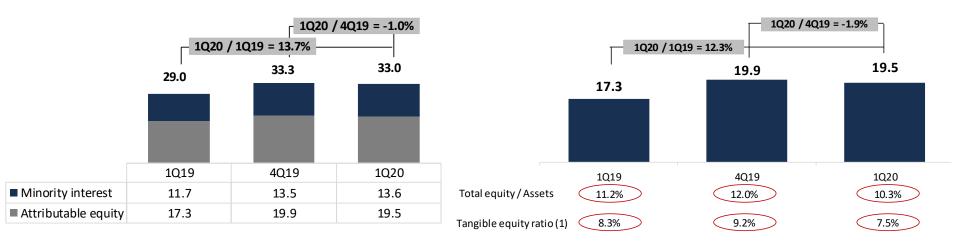






Attributable Equity + Minority Interest

Attributable Shareholders Equity



Consolidated Capital Adequacy of our Banks (%)









Primary capital (Tier 1) Solvency Ratio

1Q19	4Q19	1Q20
9.6	9.1	9.6
13.0	12.8	12.3

1Q19	4Q19	1Q20
10.3	9.6	9.1
12.5	11.8	10.4

1Q19	4Q19	1Q20
9.8	8.5	8.4
11.2	10.6	9.6

1Q19	4Q19	1Q20
9.8	9.7	11.0
10.0	10.7	11.1

⁽¹⁾ Tangible Equity Ratio is calculated as Total Equity minus Goodwill and other Intangibles divided by Total Assets minus Goodwill and other Intangibles.





Net interest income(1) (trillions)

1Q19	4Q19	1Q20	1Q20 / 1Q19	1Q2 4Q
2.9	3.0	2.7	-6.6%	-10.

2.13%

Net Interest Margin⁽¹⁾



6.43%

5.98%



funds

and interbank & overnight

⁽¹⁾ Net Interest Income and Net Interest Margin: Includes net interest income plus net trading income from investment securities held for trading through profit or loss divided by total average interest-earning assets. NIM without income from investment securities held for trading through profit or loss was 5.3% for 1Q20, 5.6% for 4Q19 and 5.5% for 1Q19.

⁽²⁾ Loans Interest Margin: Net Interest Income on Loans to Average loans and financial leases.

Net Investments Margin: Net Interest income on fixed income securities, net trading income from equity and fixed income investment securities held for trading through profit and on interbank and overnight funds to Average securities and Interbank and overnight funds.

>>>>> Fees and other operating income

Figures in Ps. Billions

Gross fee income 1Q20/1Q19 = 4.0% 1Q20/4Q19=-7.4% 1020/1019=9.2% 1Q20/4Q19 = -8.7% 1,405.2 1,534.8 1Q20/1Q19 1Q20/4Q19 1,658.3 2.9% 2.4% -10.5% -9.1% 17.7% 18.2% 20.1% 5.0% 5.7% 5.3% 5.0% 20.4% 0.8% -1.6% 74.9% 72.3% 73.2% 7.9% -10.7% 1Q19 4Q19 1Q20 ■ Banking fees ■ Trust activities Pension fees Other

Non-financial sector (1)

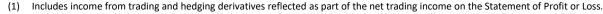
	1Q19	4Q19	1Q20
Energy & gas	140	143	206
Infrastructure	504	478	716
Hotels	9	9	2
Agribusiness	1	14	3
Other ⁽²⁾	-79	-105	-93
Total	575	539	834

- 1) Net income from sales of goods and services
- (2) Reflects net NFS from Nexa BPO, Megalinea and Aportes en Línea call-centers and other subsidiaries

Growth excluding FX movement of Central American Operations

Other operating income

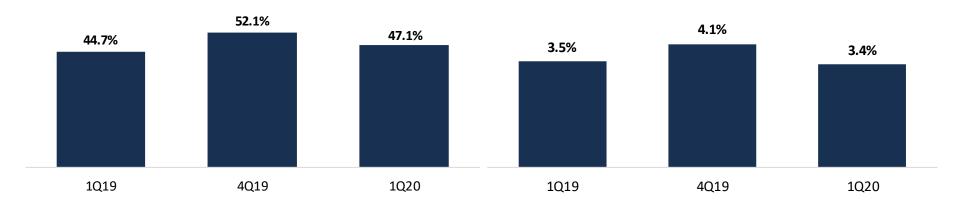
perating interine	1Q19	4Q19	1Q20
Foreign exchange gains (losses), net	166	337	-1,148
Net income (loss) on financial derivatives	-82	-179	1,161
Other trading income on derivatives	7	12	145
Derivatives and foreign exchange gains (losses), net (1)	91	170	158
Gains on valuation of assets	5	12	3
Net income from other financial instruments mandatory at FVTPL	54	55	73
Net gain on sale of investments and OCI realization	6	9	94
Gain on the sale of non-current assets held for sale	6	5	29
Income from non-consolidated investments (2)	123	57	148
Other income from operations	80	106	69
Total other income from operations	365	414	574



>>>> Efficiency ratios

Cost to income

Cost to assets



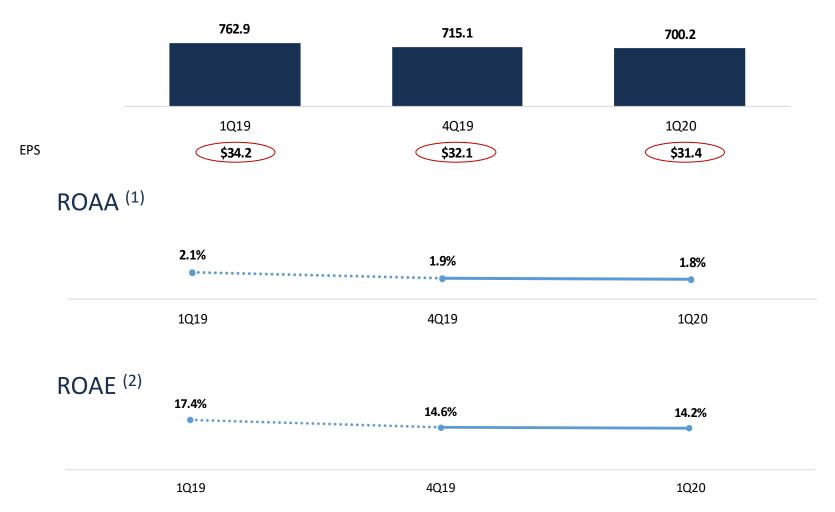
Cost to income efficiency ratio is calculated as total other expenses divided by net interest income plus net income from commissions and fees, net income from sales of goods and services, net trading income, net income from other financial instruments mandatory at FVTPL and total other income.

Cost to assets efficiency ratio is calculated as annualized total other expenses divided by average total assets.





Net income attributable to controlling interest



⁽¹⁾ROAA for each quarter is calculated as annualized Net Income divided by average of total assets.

⁽²⁾ROAE for each quarter is calculated as annualized Net Income attributable to Aval's shareholders divided by average attributable shareholders' equity.



